

Cosmetic benefits of astaxanthin on human subjects Tominaga 2012

[Acta Biochim Pol.](#) 2012;59(1):43-7. Epub 2012 Mar 17.

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Author information

Abstract

Two human clinical studies were performed. One was an open-label non-controlled study involving 30 healthy female subjects for 8 weeks. Significant improvements were observed by combining 6 mg per day oral supplementation and 2 ml (78.9 μ M solution) per day topical application of astaxanthin. Astaxanthin derived from the microalgae, *Haematococcus pluvialis* showed improvements in skin wrinkle (crow's feet at week-8), age spot size (cheek at week-8), elasticity (crow's feet at week-8), skin texture (cheek at week-4), moisture content of corneocyte layer (cheek in 10 dryskin subjects at week-8) and corneocyte condition (cheek at week-8). It may suggest that astaxanthin derived from *H. pluvialis* can improve skin condition in all layers such as corneocyte layer, epidermis, basal layer and dermis by combining oral supplementation and topical treatment. Another was a randomized double-blind placebo controlled study involving 36 healthy male subjects for 6 weeks. Crow's feet wrinkle and elasticity; and transepidermal water loss (TEWL) were improved after 6 mg of astaxanthin (the same as former study) daily supplementation. Moisture content and sebum oil level at the cheek zone showed strong tendencies for improvement. These results suggest that astaxanthin derived from *Haematococcus pluvialis* may improve the skin condition in not only in women but also in men.

PMID:

22428137

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